

# **INFLUENZA REPORT**

2021-2022 Influenza Season

MMWR Week 49

Weekly Report of Influenza and Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Activity

## Overview (MMWR Week 49)



### Influenza and Influenza-like Illness Activity

### **Spread**

**Sporadic**Geographic Spread

# Co-circulating

Other Viruses SARS-CoV-2 RSV

### **Outbreaks**

**1**Reported outbreak in a high school

## **Syndromic**

No syndromic anomalies were reported

### Flu Activity

Low Activity
Activity is low but
continuing to
increase

### Seasonal Data

Types of Flu
Influenza A and B
viruses are
circulating

## Severity

Inpatients
Reports of
hospitalizations

## **EMS**

Suspected ILI Reports doubled this week

## **ILI** Activity

Minimal Activity
Low outpatient
respiratory illness
activity levels

## Subtypes

Flu A (H3N2)
Predominant
circulating subtype

### **Deaths**

No reported pediatric deaths

## **Hot Spots**

Tracking Trends
Campbell County

## Geographic Spread



### **Geographic Activity by Regions**

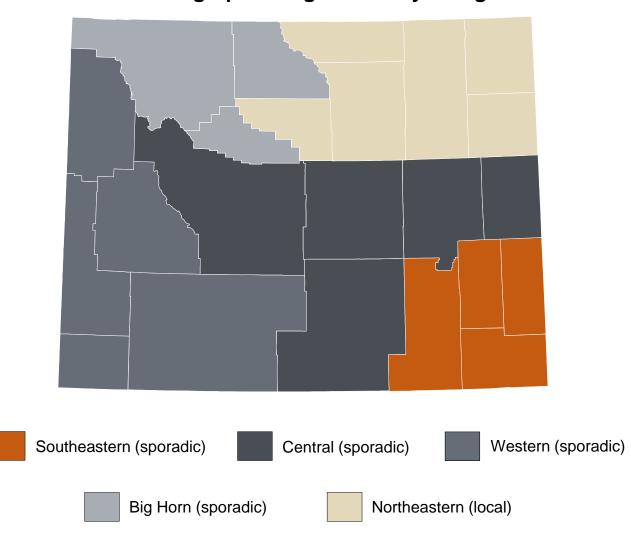
Wyoming observed sporadic activity this week (MMWR Week 49).

Healthcare providers in most counties reported ILI activity.

The influenza cases represent all Infectious Disease Epidemiology (IDE) Geographic Regions.

The Northeastern IDE Geographic Region has elevated local activity.

### **IDE Geographic Regions of Wyoming**



## Influenza-like Illness Surveillance



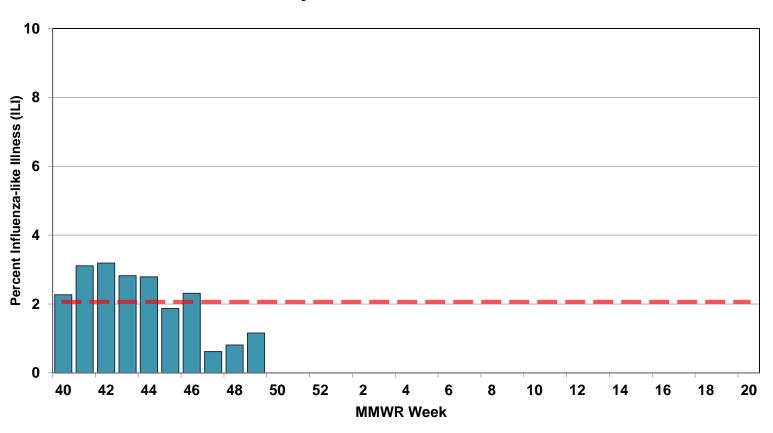
#### **ILINet Providers**

The percent of patient visits to ILINet Sentinel Providers for influenza-like illness was 1.16%, which is below Wyoming's baseline (2.06%).

The Wyoming Department of Health received reports from less than 50% of the ILINet providers in Wyoming.

This season, healthcare providers in **most** counties reported influenza or influenza-like illness activity.

#### **Weekly Percent of ILI Visits**



## Virologic Surveillance



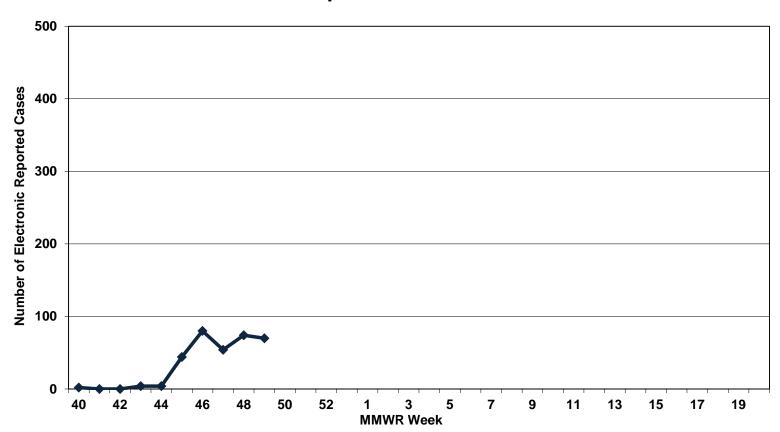
### **Public Health Laboratory**

The overall volume of samples tested for influenza at the Wyoming Public Health Laboratory has increased since the introduction of the CDC Influenza SARS-CoV-2 Multiplex Assay. The state lab reported influenza A (H3N2) viruses during MMWR Week 49. Influenza A (H3N2) viruses are the predominant viruses circulating in Wyoming.

#### **Healthcare and Clinical Laboratories**

Clinical laboratories most frequently reported influenza A viruses during MMWR Week 49. The subtyped samples were reported as influenza A (H3N2) viruses. However, influenza B viruses were also reported.

#### **Electronic Reports of Influenza Cases**



\* The trend is not representative of all reported influenza cases.

## Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality



### **Mortality Data**

Tracking death certificates is the best surveillance system to capture and identify pneumonia and influenza-associated deaths in Wyoming. According to the CDC, influenza is infrequently listed on death certificates. Also, testing for seasonal influenza infections is not frequently performed, particularly among the elderly, who are at greatest risk for seasonal influenza complications and death. Therefore, public health officials may not identify influenza-associated deaths in many instances; consequently, this surveillance system may underestimate the true impact of influenza-associated deaths in the state.

There were 19 pneumonia and influenza (P&I) mortality reports certified since the beginning of the 2021-2022 Influenza Season.

#### Monthly P&I Mortality Reports

